EEL MIGRATION and PUMPING STATION ROZEMA











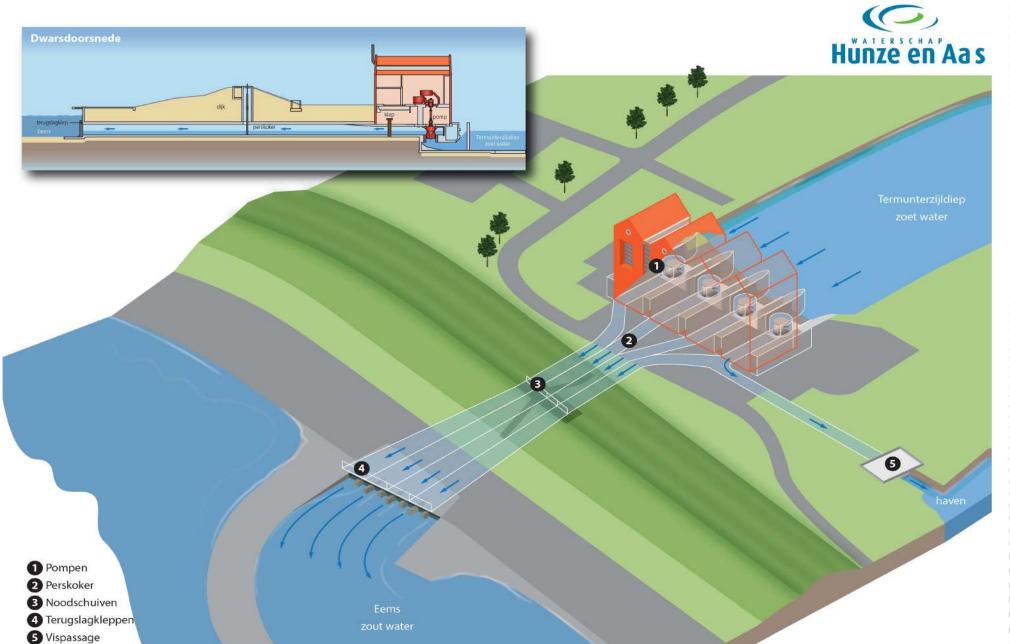
RESEARCH QUESTIONS



- 1. Route and mortality outwards migrating eels?
 - a) Route choice?
 - b) Mortality / survival?
- 2. If eels migrate via the pumping station:
 - a) Delay?
 - b) Relation between eel behavior and pumping activity?

PUMPING STATION





Pumping station:

- 4 pumps

Pumps:

- Diameter 2.5m
- 1000 m3/min

Routes through pumps:

- Pumps (1-4) →Estuary
- Pump fish pass (5)

ROUTE CHOICE AND MORTALITY





PUMPING STATION ROZEMA

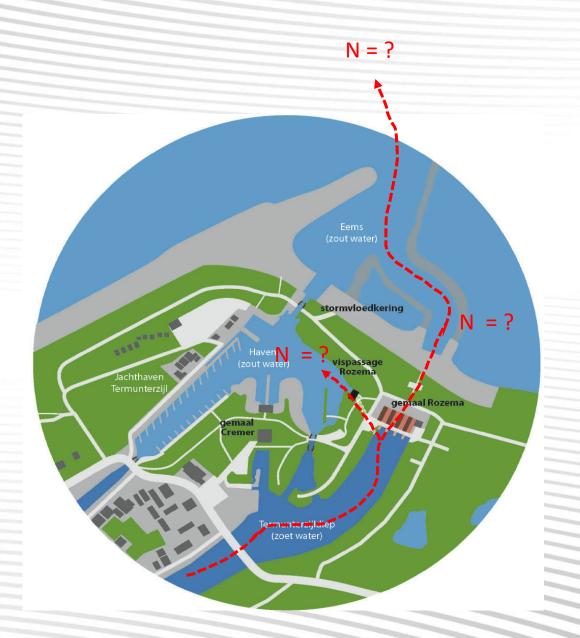


Q1: ROUTE CHOICE AND MORTALITY



Q1: All eels migrate through the pumping station

Q1: No mortality



Q2: DELAY AND BEHAVIOUR

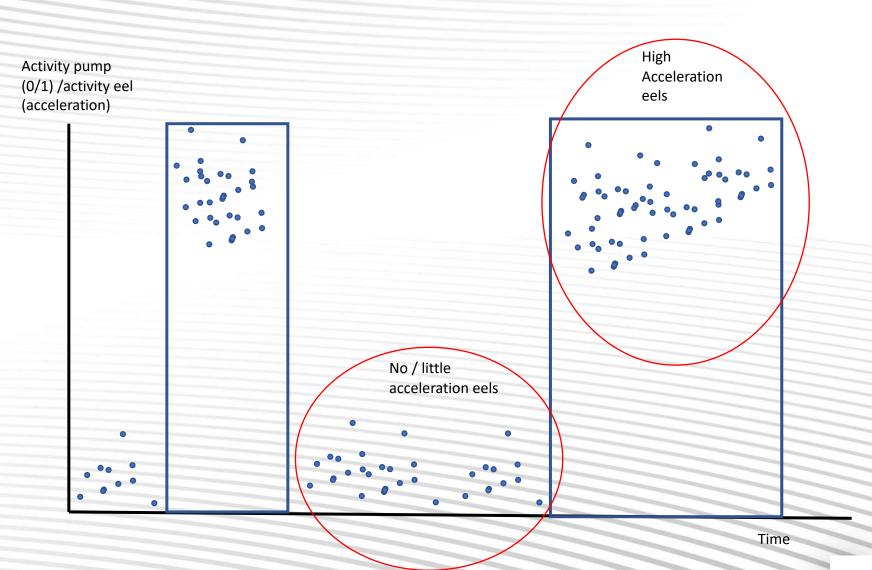


Q2: Delay = Time last detection R9 - Arrival time R5 inside number of pumping events (n=1,2=3..)

All eels utilize the first pumping event to pass!

Q2: When pumps start pumping the eels start to move

Eels do not move when the pumps are not pumping and move when the pumps are pumping



ACOUSTIC TELEMETRY



Using acoustic telemetry (69Hz), we tagged 40 silvering eels (average length 70.4cm, sd 13.6cm).

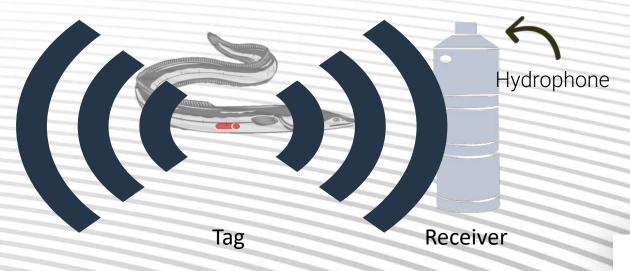
Tag = V9A, transmission interval 40-80 sec, with an accelerometer sensor measuring:

Vector Dynamic Body Acceleration = $\sqrt{(x + y + z)^2}$

We deployed 10 acoustic receivers on the route from release location to the estuary.

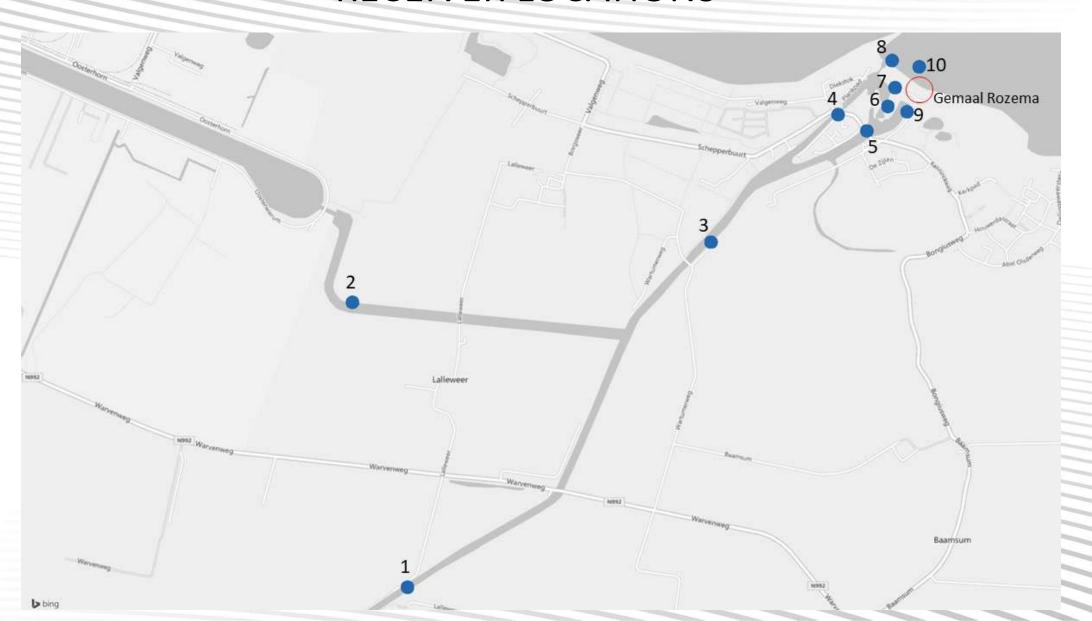
Joint German – Dutch receiver network in the estuary

Between 6-22 November 2021 and 1 March 2023 we tracked the eels on their migration out.



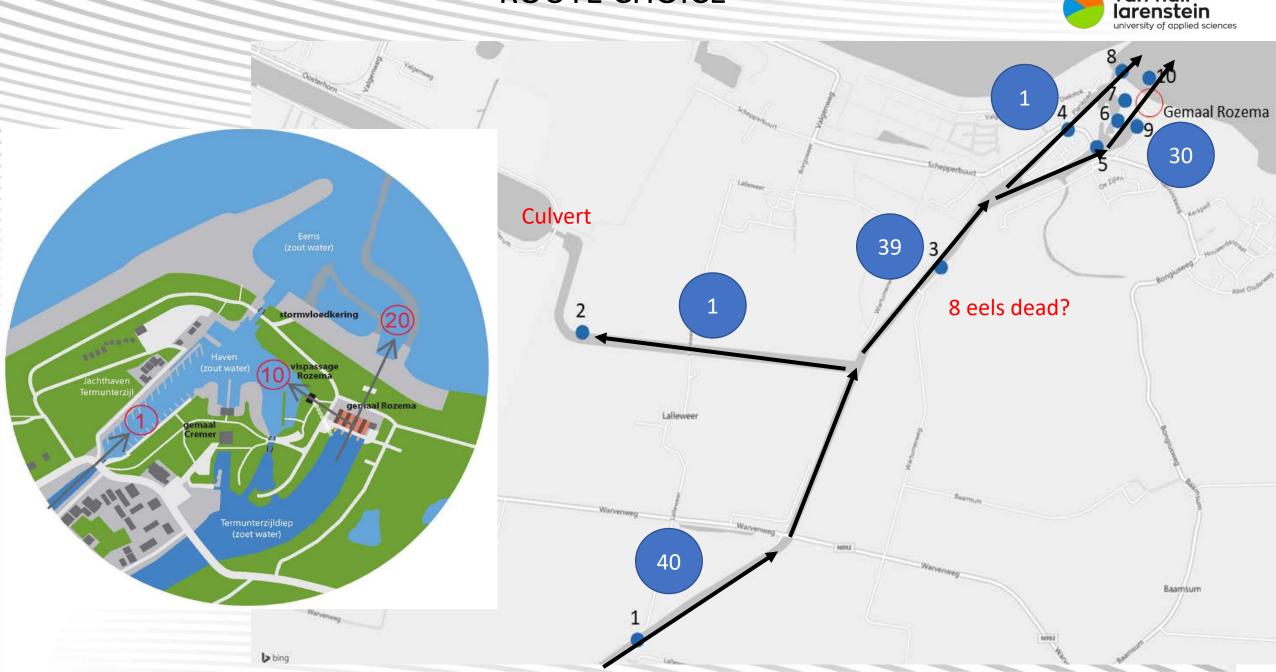


RECEIVER LOCATIONS



ROUTE CHOICE





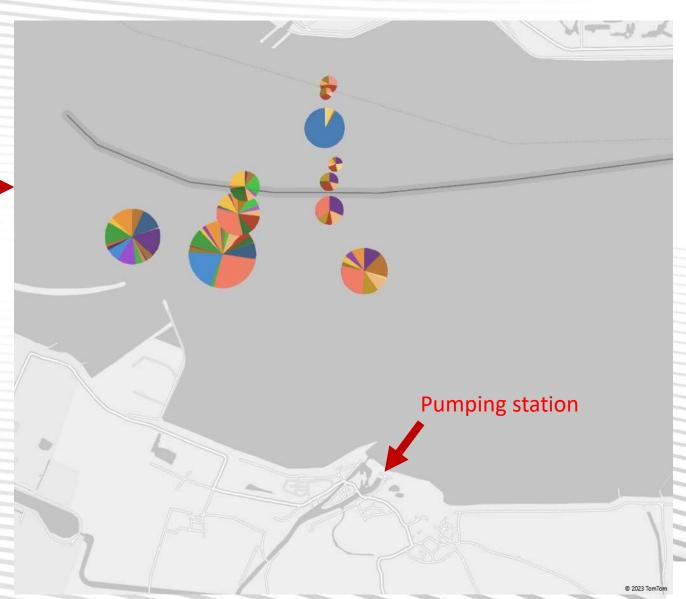


Q1: SURVIVAL/MORTALITY AND ROUTE CHOICE

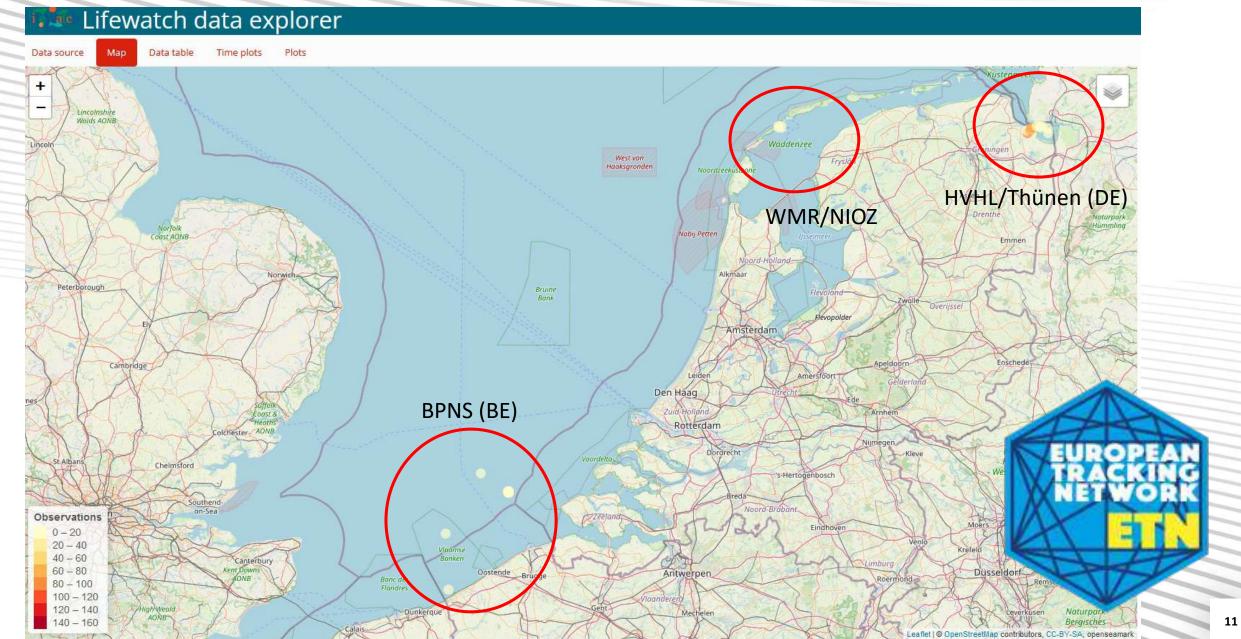
30 Eels passed the pumping station:

30 survived, they were all detected on the receivers in the Ems estuary and some even further in the Wadden Sea and Belgium

2 eels took another route!



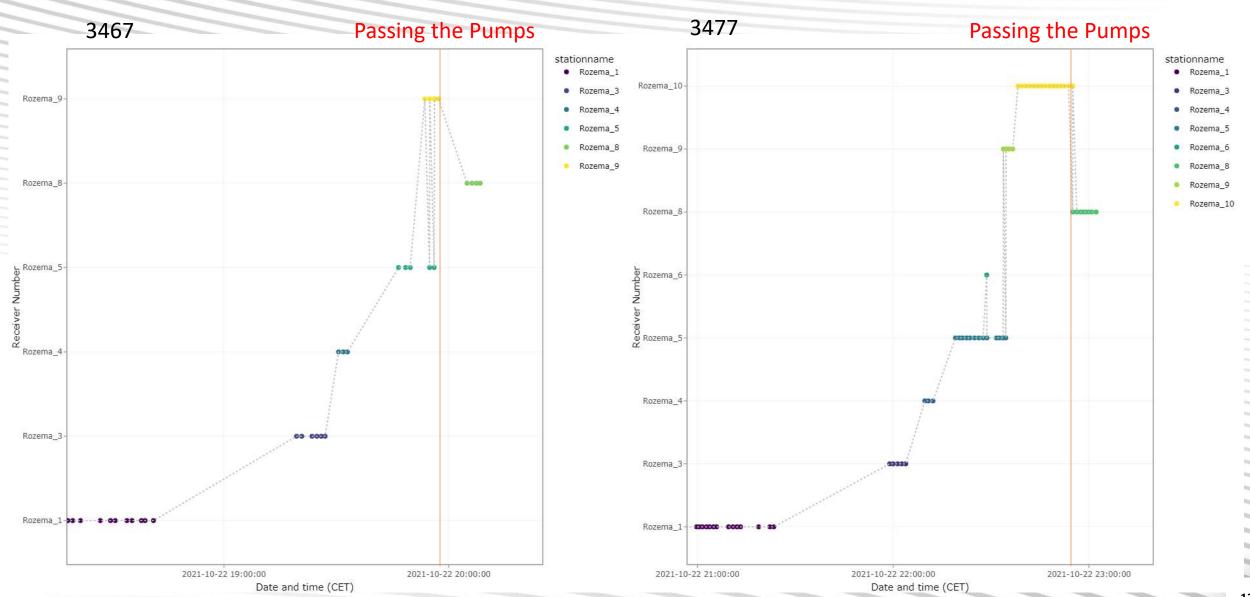






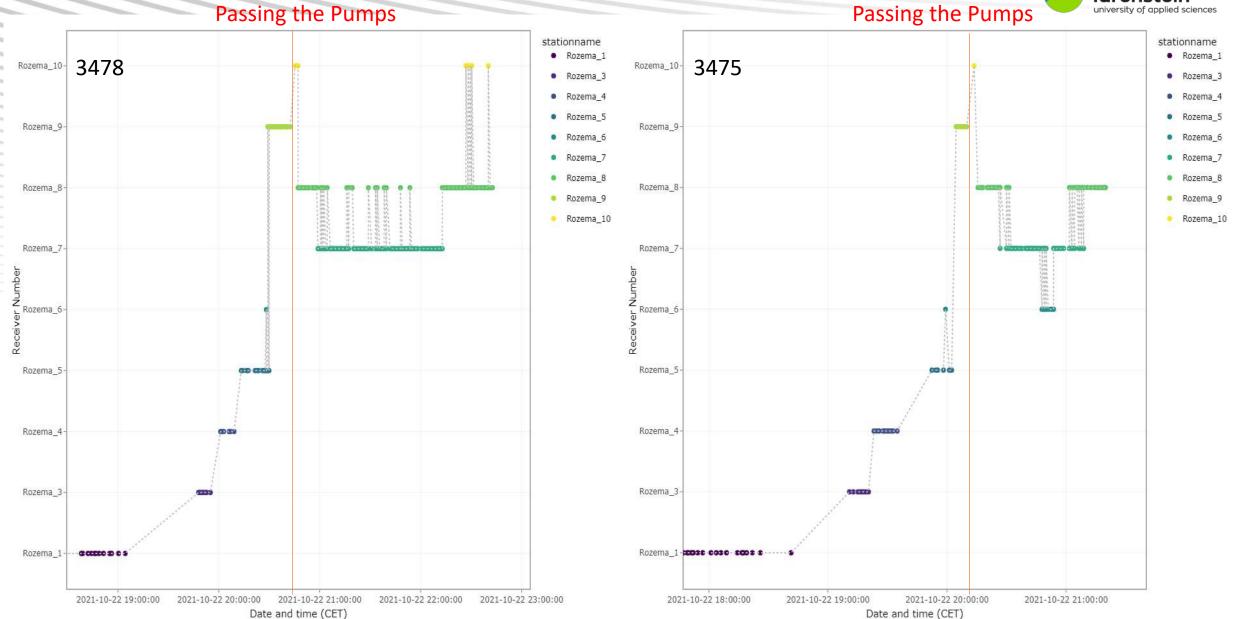
Different behaviors – the quick one's





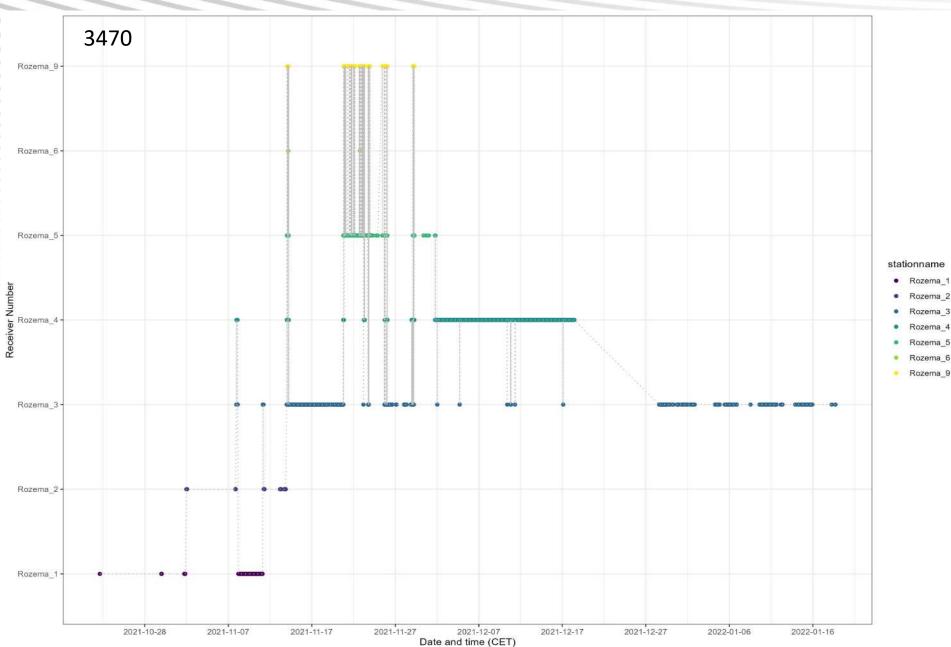
Different behaviors – the one's that come back in!





Different behaviors – the one's that stay?





- Rozema_1
- Rozema 2
- Rozema_3
- Rozema_4
- Rozema_6

DELAY



Delay time of eel passage through the pumping station

- 15 eels had a delay time of less then 1 hour
- 8 eels had a delay time of **between 1-24 hours**
- 7 eels had a delay time of between 1.5 and 66 days

Pumping events before passage

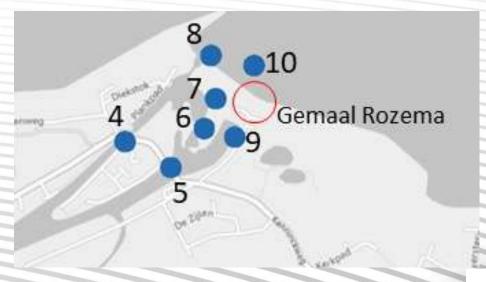
- <u>13 eels passed after 6 pumping events</u>
- <u>13 eels passed after **between 17-78 events**</u>
- 4 eels passed after between 220-261 events

Eels move back into the harbour

• 4/30 eels moved back into the harbour

Delay time = last detection 9 - first detection 5

Pumping event =
nr. pumping events between release and passase

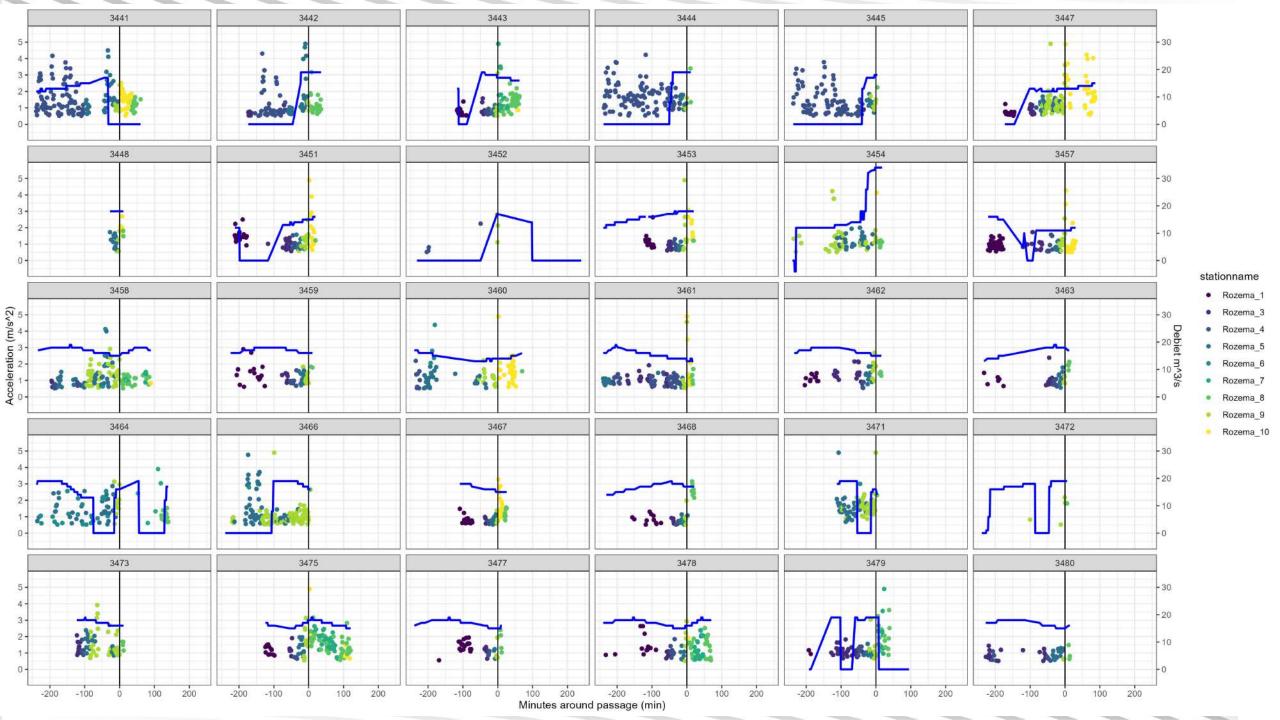


Relation Pumping activity and eel behaviour (acceleration)?



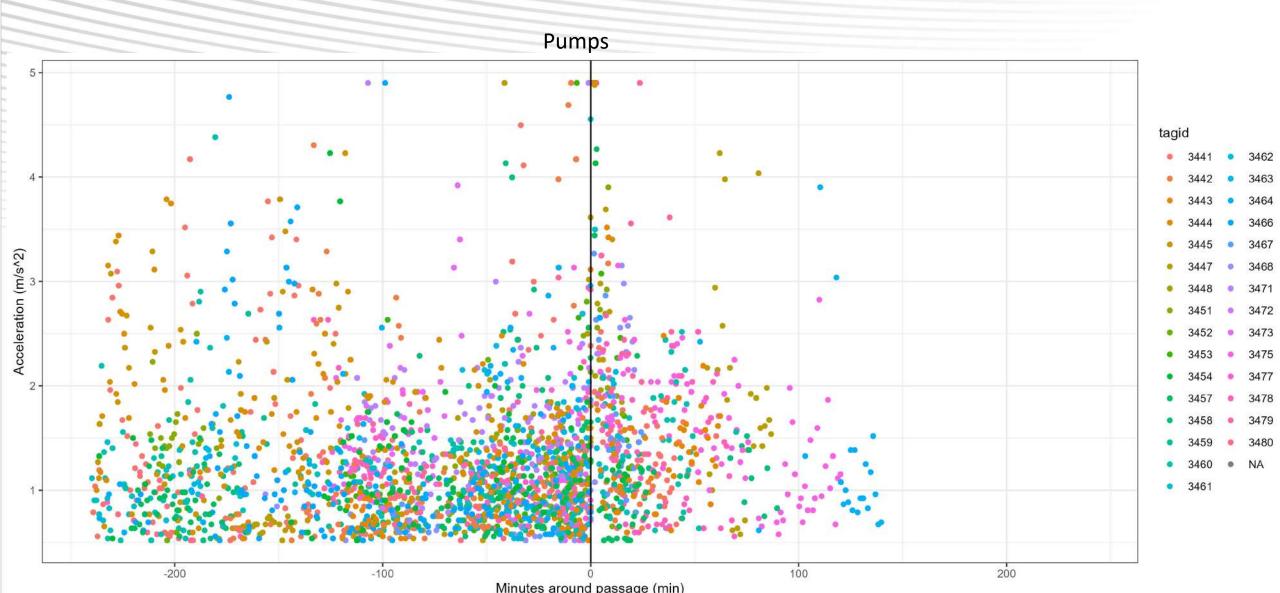
The effect of water flow on eel acceleration measured as the:

Vector Dynamic Body Acceleration =
$$\sqrt{(x + y + z)^2}$$





Acceleration and passage through the pumps





Summary

Q1: Route choice: 30 eels use pumping station, 1 eel used the old sluice, 1 via Delfzijl

Q1: Mortality: 100% survival pumping station

Q2: Delay: Minimal 10.5 hours maximal 66 days

Q2: Pumping vs eel activity: Needs further investigation (temporal!) \rightarrow working on framework

Important notes:

- Mistake (almost): use of pump 1 → site specific knowledge is essential!
- 38/40 eels migrated first to the old sluice → brackish water!
- Eels that do not migrate out after tagging are not necessarily dead! Tagging effect?
- Some eels migrated back to the canal!
- · Eels used near shore zone in estuary, only 7 detections!, lost receiver
- Next time use other frequency?

Paper and report end of 2023



Inge van der Knaap, Peter Paul Schollema & Jeroen Huisman, 2023.

